

**FORMAT FOR THE PRESENTATION OF THE RESULT OF
DELIBERATE RELEASE INTO THE ENVIRONMENT OF
GENETICALLY MODIFIED HIGHER PLANTS IN ACCORDANCE
WITH ARTICLE 10 OF DIRECTIVE 2001/18/EC**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 European notification number

B/ES/11/07

1.2 Member State of notification

Spain.

1.3 Date of consent and consent number

Resolution of March 15th, by the President of the GMO Interministerial Council.

2. REPORT STATUS

2.1 Please indicate whether, according to Article 3 of the present decision, the current report is:

FINAL report.

3. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RELEASE

3.1 Scientific name of the recipient organism

Zea mays

3.2 Transformation event(s) [acronym(s)] or vector(s) used (if transformation event identity is not available)

NK603

3.3 Unique identifier, if available

MON-ØØ6Ø3-6

3.4 Please, provide the following information, as well as the field(s) layout

Geographical location (s) (administrative region and, where appropriate, grid reference)	Size of the release site(s) (m ²)	Identity and approximate number of GM higher plants per event actually released (number of seeds/plants per m ²)	Duration of the release
Fuente Palmera (Córdoba)	328 m ²	Hybrids NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 10/05/2011 Destruction: 13/10/2011
Maribáñez (Sevilla)	328 m ² +120 m ²	Hybrids and inbred lines NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 13/04/2011 Destruction: 12/9/2011
Ejea de los Caballeros (Zaragoza)	348 m ²	Hybrids NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 11/04/2011 Destruction: 19/10/2011
Grañén (Huesca)	348 m ²	Hybrids NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 12/04/2011 Destruction: 20/10/2011
Coreses (Zamora)	246 m ²	Hybrids NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 10/05/2011 Destruction: 27/10/2011
Daimiel (Ciudad Real)	328 m ²	Hybrids NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 23/5/2011 Destruction: 7/11/2011
Alcarrás (Lérida)	348 m ²	Hybrids NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 29/4/2011 Destruction: 22/10/2011
Valdetorres (Badajoz)	328 m ²	Hybrids NK603 7-9 plants/m ²	Sowing: 14/4/2011 Destruction: 19/9/2011

Notes: trials initially foreseen in El Cuervo (Sevilla), Guillena (Sevilla), Lebrija (Sevilla), Tauste (Zaragoza), Zuera (Zaragoza), Calera y Chozas (Toledo), Corbillos de los Oteros (León), Valdevimbre (León), Arabayona de Mógica (Salamanca), Pelabravo (Salamanca), Cotanes del Monte (Zamora), Molacillos (Zamora) Bell-lloc d'Urgel (Lleida) and Gimennells (Lleida) were not planted because they did not meet the necessary isolation from fields of conventional maize, or any other guarantees for the successful execution of trials.

4. ANY KIND OF PRODUCT THAT THE NOTIFIER INTENDS TO NOTIFY AT A LATER STAGE

4.1 Does the notifier intend to notify the released transformation event(s) as product(s) for placing on the market under Community legislation at a later stage?

NK603 maize was approved for import, feed use and processing in the EU under Directive 2001/18/EC (Commission Decision 2004/643/EC). The food and food ingredients derived from NK603 were approved under Regulation (EC) No. 258/97 (Commission Decision 2005/448/EC). The application for cultivation of NK603 maize was submitted according to Dir 2001/18/CE (C/ES/03/01) and later under Regulation (EC) No. 1829/2003 (EFSA-GMO-NL-2005-22), and EFSA adopted a favourable scientific opinion on 29 May 2009.

5. TYPE(S) OF DELIBERATE RELEASE(S)

5.1 Deliberate release(s) for research purposes

Not applicable.

5.2 Deliberate release(s) for development purposes

DUS and Agronomic Value trials under official supervision, to progress on the technical evaluation of NK603 hybrids and inbred lines, for their intended Registration and/or Protection in Spain.

5.3 Official testing

Not applicable.

5.4 Herbicide authorisation

Not applicable.

5.5 Deliberate release(s) for demonstration purposes

Not applicable.

5.6 Seeds multiplication

Not applicable.

5.7 Deliberate release(s) for biosafety/risk assessment research

Not applicable.

5.8 Other(s) type(s) of deliberate release(s)

Not applicable.

6. METHOD(S), RESULT(S) OF THE RELEASE, MANAGEMENT AND MONITORING MEASURE(S) IN RESPECT OF ANY RISK TO HUMAN HEALTH OR THE ENVIRONMENT

6.1 Risk management measure(s)

6.1.1 Before the sowing/planting:

- A minimum isolation of 200 m from other commercial maize fields was confirmed.
- Seeds of NK603 hybrids were packed in sealed bags and clearly labelled by qualified staff in our installations located in our research centre in Peyrehorade (France), authorized to carry out confined operations with genetically modified (GM) organisms (N° 4593, April 6th 2006, Commission de Genie Genetique, France).
- Seed transport to the field was made the same day of the sowing, in the pre-prepared bags, labelled and closed in the laboratory, and classified according to the trial layout. In those trials where it was necessary to sow different varieties, in order to avoid confusions or seed mixing, the bags were opened sequentially.

6.1.2 During the sowing/planting activities

- Seeds were transported in closed bags and their manipulation was made by qualified staff, warned about preventive measures to avoid any dissemination.
- Sowing was made with clean sowing machinery, avoiding spills onto the soil.

- To avoid involuntary dispersion, once the sowing was finalized the remaining seeds were buried within the trial site.
- Before removing the machinery out of the field, it was checked that all the sowing cones had been cleaned.
- Competent Authorities were informed of the sowing dates in advance, and the plantings were conducted under supervision of officials.
- A minimum of four lines of conventional maize were planted surrounding the trials, as pollen barrier.

6.1.3 During the period of release

- Trials have been monitored during the growing season, including visits by some experts and competent authorities. During these visits, it has been checked the compliance with the minimum isolation of 200 m from other conventional maize crops. Furthermore, in addition to the observations described in the studies, it has not been observed that the crop tends to turn into weed, or with higher susceptibility to pests and diseases than the conventional maize.
- During the performed visits there was no observation of a different effect than the conventional corn on crop development, bees or other insects presence, birds or mammals occurrence. Therefore, it is suggested that the effect of the release on “non target” organisms”, on arthropofauna, or on the biodiversity in general has been similar to those caused by conventional corn.
- Pollen shed dates were notified in advance to the competent authorities.
- No incidences have been observed related to safety for human health and environment.

6.1.4 At the end of the release

- Authorities have been informed in advance on the harvesting dates, which have been conducted under their supervision.
- Trials were harvested with a combine-harvester of cereals. The harvested grain was buried in an approximately 1,5-2,5 meter-deep pitch and covered by a soil layer of at least 0,5 m-depth.
- The grains were transported to the pitches in the combine itself. If the ditch was far from the original site, the grains were transported in a trailer, being very careful to avoid any spillage and under supervision of Monsanto’s technical staff.
- The trials crop residues were destroyed by tillage, chopped with an offset disc harrow and then, buried or ploughed up with moldboard.
- The combine and means of transport were cleaned before leaving the field.

6.1.5 Post harvest measures

The release site will be monitored during the year following the trials, and up to the maize flowering period, in order to destroy any eventual maize volunteers. The commercial crop planted in this field during the following season will be different from maize. This destruction and the restrictions for cultivation next year will no longer be necessary when the NK603 event is authorized for cultivation in the European Union.

6.1.6 Other(s) measure(s) (Describe)

Not applicable.

6.1.7 Emergency plan(s)

All the biosafety measures planned to avoid accidental releases have been followed.

Please indicate:

a) if the release proceeded as planned

The release proceeded as planned.

b) if measures according to the emergency plan(s) (Article 6(2)(a)(vi) and Annex III.B of Directive 2001/18/EC) had to be taken]

They were not necessary.

6.2 Post-release monitoring measures

The monitoring results confirmed that NK603 maize plants are as safe as any conventional variety for human and animal health, or the environment.

According to the cases mentioned, please indicate the monitoring measures adopted

Please specify:

Monitoring measures within site

Trial plots will be visited during the following growing season to destroy the volunteer maize plants, if any.

Monitoring measures of adjacent areas

Surrounding areas to the trials will be visited during the following growing season to destroy the germinated volunteer plants, if any.

6.3 Plan for observation(s)/method(s) involved

General observations on plant health, disease sensitivity and plant development; furthermore, unexpected and unusual characteristic has been recorded.

6.4 Observed effect(s)

Unexpected effects were not observed

6.4.1 All results of the deliberate release(s) in respect of any risk for human health or the environment shall be stated, without prejudice to whether the results indicate that any risk is increased, reduced or remains unchanged.

NK603 maize plants presented no risks to human or animal health, or the environment, different from those of conventional maize.

6.4.2 Expected effect(s)

NK603 maize plants developed normally and presented crop cycle and performance similar to their isogenic conventional counterparts.

6.4.3 Unexpected effect(s)

Unexpected effects were not observed

6.4.4 Other information

Not applicable

7. CONCLUSION

The deliberate release was carried out according to the notification proposal and in agreement with the conditions of consent in the Resolution of March 15th, by the President of the GMO Interministerial Council, guaranteeing safety to human and animal health and the environment.

All the measures were taken to avoid the pollen and grain spread of the genetically modified plants outside the trial field.

Trials have been executed as predicted. Behaviour of NK603 maize hybrids has been similar to conventional maize and no negative effect on the human or animal health, or on the environment has been detected during the trials execution. Results from the studies performed on the varieties with NK603 will be submitted to the Spanish Variety Registration Office for their evaluation.